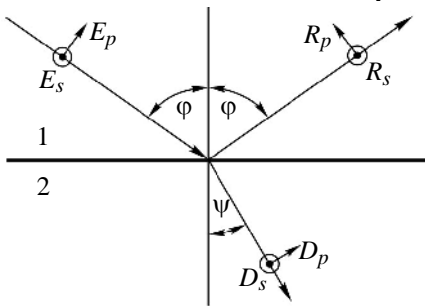


1.



$$Y=0$$

$$\vec{N} \left(\begin{matrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 1 \end{matrix} \right),$$

$$Y.$$

$$\mu=1,$$

. 1

$$(i=2; Y<0)$$

$$(i=1; Y>0)$$

$$\varepsilon_1(\omega) \neq \varepsilon_2(\omega),$$

$$\omega$$

$$v_i$$

$$n_i:$$

$$v_i = c/n_i, \quad i=1, \quad 2, \tag{1}$$

$$c -$$

$$, \quad n_i = \sqrt{\varepsilon_i}$$

– (n_i).

, (,)
 \vec{e}
 , ,

$$\vec{k}_e = \vec{e} \frac{\omega}{v_1} = \vec{e} \frac{n_1 \cdot \omega}{c}. \quad (2)$$

\vec{N} , \vec{k}_e .
 . 1, , .
 , :
 ✓ E_e (. **Einfallende welle**
 –);
 ✓ R r (. **Reflektierte welle** –);
 ✓ D d (. **Durchgelassene welle**
 – , ,).

(. 1): E_p –
 (. **Parallel** –) E_s –
 (. **Senkrecht** –
).
 – \vec{N}

\vec{k}_e , – φ .
 ψ – \vec{N}
 \vec{k}_d .
 , φ ψ ,
 $0 \leq (\varphi, \psi) \leq \pi/2$.
 :

$$\vec{E} = (\vec{E}_p + \vec{E}_s) \exp(i(\omega t - \vec{k}_e \vec{l}_e)) + \dots, \quad (3)$$

$$\vec{R} = (\vec{R}_p + \vec{R}_s) \exp(i(\omega t - \vec{k}_r \vec{l}_r)) + \dots \quad (4)$$

$$\vec{D} = (\vec{D}_p + \vec{D}_s) \exp(i(\omega t - \vec{k}_d \vec{l}_d)) + \dots, \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{k}_m \quad \vec{l}_m & \quad (m = e), \\ (m = r) & \quad (m = d) \end{aligned}$$

\vec{N})

$$r_s \equiv \frac{R_s}{E_s} = \frac{n_1 \cos \varphi - n_2 \cos \psi}{n_1 \cos \varphi + n_2 \cos \psi}; \quad (6)$$

$$r_p \equiv \frac{R_p}{E_p} = \frac{n_2 \cos \varphi - n_1 \cos \psi}{n_2 \cos \varphi + n_1 \cos \psi}; \quad (7)$$

$$d_s \equiv \frac{D_s}{E_s} = \frac{2n_1 \cos \varphi}{n_1 \cos \varphi + n_2 \cos \psi}; \quad (8)$$

$$d_p \equiv \frac{D_p}{E_p} = \frac{2n_1 \cos \varphi}{n_2 \cos \varphi + n_1 \cos \psi}. \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\sin \varphi}{\sin \psi} = \frac{n_2}{n_1},$$

(6) – (9)

$$r_s \equiv \frac{R_s}{E_s} = -\frac{\sin(\varphi - \psi)}{\sin(\varphi + \psi)}; \quad (10)$$

$$r_p \equiv \frac{R_p}{E_p} = \frac{\operatorname{tg}(\varphi - \psi)}{\operatorname{tg}(\varphi + \psi)}; \quad (11)$$

$$d_s \equiv \frac{D_s}{E_s} = \frac{2 \cos \varphi \sin \psi}{\sin(\varphi + \psi)}; \quad (12)$$

$$d_p \equiv \frac{D_p}{E_p} = \frac{2 \cos \varphi \sin \psi}{\sin(\varphi + \psi) \cos(\varphi - \psi)}. \quad (13)$$

2.

p -

s -

$r_s, r_p, d_s, d_p,$

(6) – (9)

(10) – (13),

$$\rho_j = (r_j)^2; \quad \delta_j = \frac{n_2 \cos \psi}{n_1 \cos \varphi} (d_j)^2; \quad j = p, s. \tag{14}$$

$$\rho_p + \delta_p = \rho_s + \delta_s = 1. \tag{14}$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{n-1}{n+1} \right)^2, \tag{15}$$

$$\delta = \frac{4n}{(n+1)^2} \tag{16}$$

$$\rho + \delta = 1,$$

$$\rho_\alpha$$

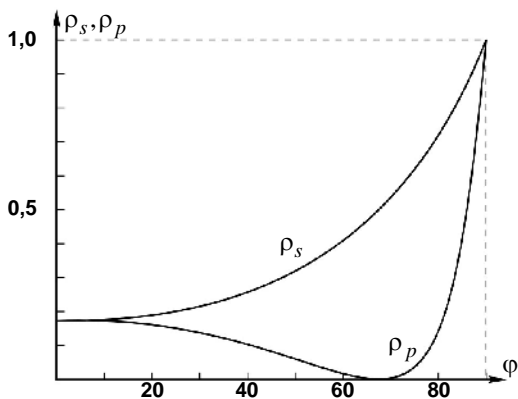
$$\rho_{\alpha} = \rho_p \cos^2 \alpha + \rho_s \sin^2 \alpha. \tag{17}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$$

$$\langle \cos^2 \alpha \rangle = \langle \sin^2 \alpha \rangle = \frac{1}{2},$$

$$\rho_n$$

$$\rho_n = \frac{1}{2}(\rho' + \rho). \tag{18}$$



. 2

. 2

$$\begin{array}{l} (14) \\ n = 2, 4. \end{array}$$

$$\varphi + \psi = \frac{\pi}{2}, \tag{19}$$

$$\operatorname{tg}(\varphi + \psi) \rightarrow \infty, \tag{11} \quad r_p = 0.$$

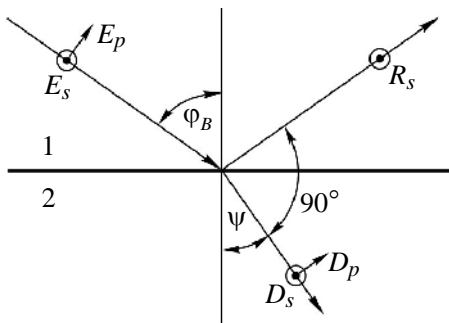
s -

(19)

$$\psi = \frac{\pi}{2} - \varphi, \quad \sin \psi = \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \varphi) = \cos \varphi.$$

$$\frac{\sin \varphi}{\sin \psi} = \frac{\sin \varphi}{\cos \varphi} = \operatorname{tg} \varphi_B = \frac{n_2}{n_1} = n. \quad (20)$$

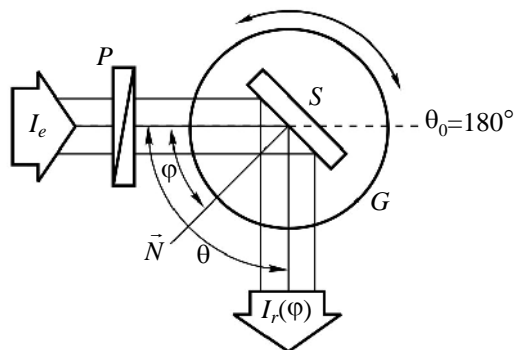
φ_B (),
 (20)
 (. 3).



. 3

4

: $P -$; $I_e -$
 , S ;
 $I(\varphi) -$, $n_1 = 1$ () n_2
 (S); $\vec{N} -$
 ; $\varphi -$ ($\varphi \leq 90^\circ$), $\theta = 2\varphi$,
 $\theta_0 = 180^\circ$; $G -$,
 S .



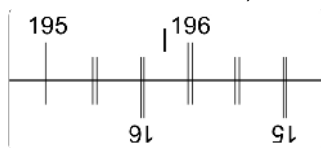
. 4

(I_e)

(I_r)

φ

P ()



. 5.

20' ()

).

. 5

1080

$(360 \times 3 = 1080).$

1°.

()

()

20')

20'

10'.

10'

600

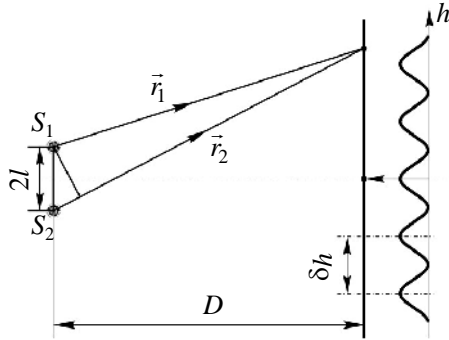
1''.
20'

195).
 20'-
 (195),
 180° (5 50').
 (1')
 (0'').
 (7'').
 5
 195°51'07''.
 "Delphi".
 ()

1. P , α
 :) $\alpha = 0^\circ$;) $\alpha = 90^\circ$.
2. $\rho_s(\varphi)$
3. $\rho_p(\varphi)$
4. n
5. α
6. (18)
7. (17)
 α .

1.
 G (),

- 4). , (. .
2. ,
- 180° (. . 4).
3. (,
- α .
4. I_e (
-).
5. G
- S ,
6. $\dot{\theta}$ (
- φ) ,
7. $I_r(\varphi)$ (
-).
8. (. 6 7),
- 2 4,
9. I_e ,
- $I_r(\varphi)$,
- $I_r(\varphi)$,
10. . 3—8.
1. ρ :) — ;)
- ($n_{Ge} \approx 4,0$).
2. :) — ;) — ($n_{Ge} \approx 4.0$).
3. ,
4. , .



. 1

$$\Delta\varphi = \varphi_1 - \varphi_2 ,$$

A :

$$\begin{aligned} |\vec{E}_A|^2 &= (\vec{E}_A \cdot \vec{E}_A^*) = (\vec{E}_{01}e^{i\varphi_1} + \vec{E}_{02}e^{i\varphi_2}) \cdot (\vec{E}_{01}e^{-i\varphi_1} + \vec{E}_{02}e^{-i\varphi_2}) = \\ &= \vec{E}_{01}^2 + \vec{E}_{02}^2 + (\vec{E}_{01} \cdot \vec{E}_{02})(e^{i\Delta\varphi} + e^{-i\Delta\varphi}) ; \end{aligned}$$

$$I_A = I_1 + I_2 + 2\sqrt{I_1 I_2} \cos \alpha \cos \Delta\varphi , \quad (2)$$

α —

$$\vec{E}_1 \quad \vec{E}_2 .$$

$$\cos \alpha = 1 ,$$

$$\cos \alpha = 0 .$$

$$\vec{E}_1 \quad \vec{E}_2$$

$$S_1 \quad S_2$$

$$\Delta\varphi$$

$$\langle I_A \rangle = \frac{1}{\tau} \int_0^\tau I_A dt = I_1 + I_2 + 2\sqrt{I_1 I_2} \frac{1}{\tau} \int_0^\tau \cos \Delta\varphi dt . \quad (3)$$

$$0,1 \qquad I_{\min} \approx 0,82 \cdot I_{\max} \; .$$

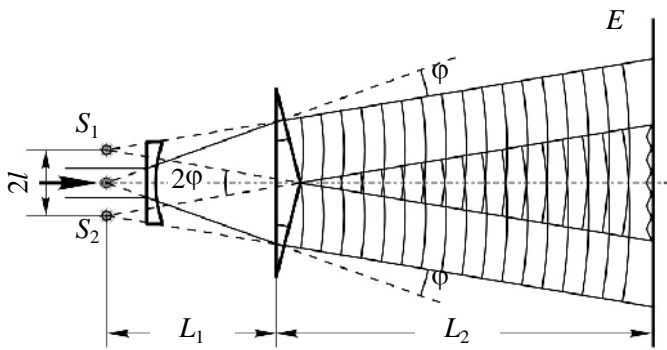
$$\mathfrak{v} = \frac{2\sqrt{I_1 I_2}}{I_1 + I_2} \; . \tag{7}$$

$$I = \gamma I + (1 - \gamma) I \; .$$

$$\gamma$$

$$\therefore \mathfrak{v} = \gamma \; .$$

$$\theta \; (\quad .2) .$$



. 2

S_1 , S_2 .

E

. 1 .

()

S_1 S_2

E .

$D = L_1 + L_2$.

A

h . $l \ll D$

$h \ll D$,

$$\frac{h}{D} = \frac{\Delta}{2l} .$$

Δ ,

δ

A ,

$$\Delta = 2l \frac{h}{D} .$$

(5)

:

$$\langle I_A \rangle = I_1 + I_2 + 2\sqrt{I_1 I_2} \cos \left(k \cdot 2l \frac{h}{D} \right) \quad (8)$$

S

$$I_1 = I_2 = I_0 , \quad (8)$$

$$\langle I_A \rangle = 2I_0 \left[1 + \cos \left(\frac{2\pi \cdot 2lh}{\lambda D} \right) \right] \quad (9)$$

h

δh .

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_1 &= 2lh/D = m\lambda \\ \Delta_2 &= 2l(h + \delta h)/D = (m+1)\lambda \end{aligned} \Rightarrow h = \frac{D}{2l} \quad (10)$$

(10) , δh , λ , D
 $2l$.

, $\delta h \geq 0,1$.

$$D/2l = \delta h/\lambda \approx 10^3 .$$

$D \approx 1$, $2l \approx 1$. S_1 S_2

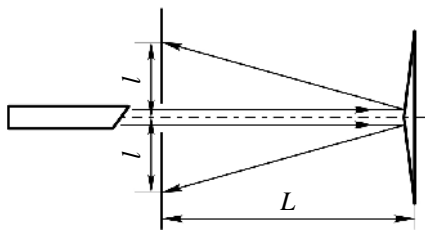
θ

$\delta h, D$, l , λ .

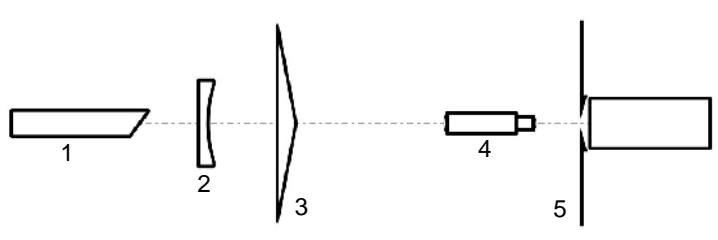
1.

θ ,

3).



3
 $l \ll L$, $\frac{2l}{L}$
 180°
 θ
 θ
 L
 θ
 $3-5$
 $2.$
 $4.$



4
 $\varnothing 1-2$
 (1)
 (2)
 (3)
 (5)
 (4)
 (2)
 (3)
 (4)
 (2)

(5–10)

S_2 (10). $2l = 2\varphi \cdot L_1$. L_1 S_1

φ (2). θ

n , $($

$n = 1,5145$). θ

$\varphi = \theta \cdot (n - 1)$.






$$\delta h = \frac{\lambda D}{2l} = \frac{\lambda \cdot (L_1 + L_2)}{2\theta \cdot (n - 1) \cdot L_1} \tag{11}$$

$$\delta h = f\left(\frac{L_2}{L_1}\right)$$

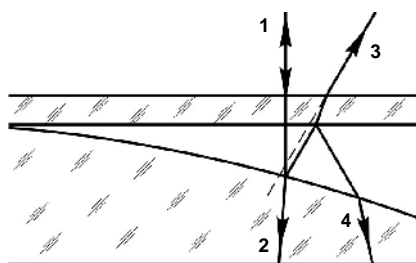
λ
3.

(6).
().

$$\langle I_{\max} \rangle = \frac{I_{\max}}{I_{\min}} \langle I_{\min} \rangle. \quad (6)$$

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

—, 1980. — . 188–191; 199–204.
—, 1976. — . 62–69; 80–82; 91–94; 94–112.
—, 1999. — . 57–59; 83–90.
—, 1998. — . 305–323.
—, 1980. — . 238–242.

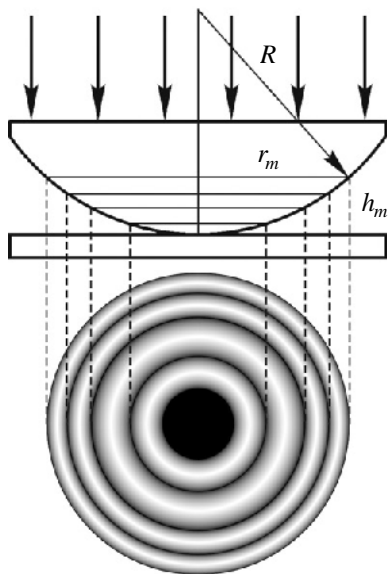


. 1

$$v = 1 \quad (I_{\min} = 0)$$

$$- \quad v = 0 \quad (I_{\min} = I_{\max}) -$$

$$\Delta = 2h_m \cdot n \cdot \cos \varphi + \frac{\lambda}{2}, \quad (2)$$



. 2

$$\Delta = 2h_m \cdot n + \frac{\lambda}{2}. \quad (3)$$

$$h_m, \quad r_m \ll R.$$

$$h_m = \frac{r_m^2}{2R}, \quad (4)$$

$$R - m - m - :$$

$$\Delta = (2m + 1) \frac{\lambda}{2}, \quad m = 0, 1, \dots \quad (5)$$

$$(3), (4) \quad (5) \quad :$$

$$r_m = \sqrt{\frac{mR\lambda}{n}}. \quad (6)$$

:

$$r'_m = \sqrt{\frac{(2m+1)R\lambda}{2n}}. \quad (7)$$

3.
S,

1.

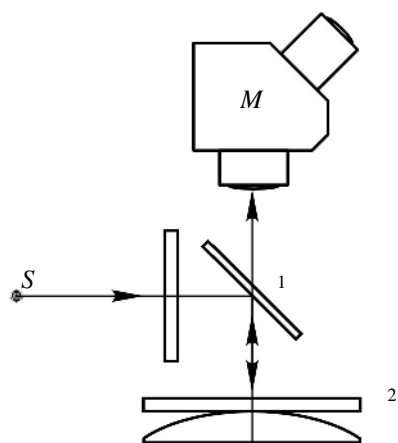
2

2

M .
 R λ ,

100

1



3

1.

$$(\lambda = 546 \text{ \AA})$$

15-
14- , 13- , 12-
15-
15-

$$r_m^2 \quad m \quad (6)$$

(7)),

$$R \quad \lambda$$

$$m \quad (6) \quad (7).$$

$$r_m^2,$$

$$m,$$

$$m,$$

2.

$$(\quad , \quad)$$

1.

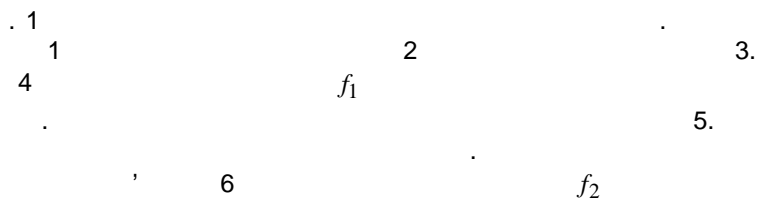
$$R,$$

$$\lambda$$

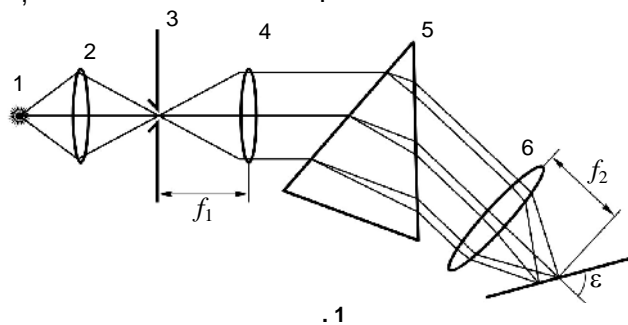
1. .
2. ?
3. ()?
4. , .
5. (, ?)
6. ?
- ?

. – ., 1980. – . 233–235.
. – ., 1976. – C. 125–127.
. „
. – ., 1999. – . 63–69.
. „ – ., 1998. – . 312–314.
. „
. – ., 1980. – . 249–253.

8



(
).



$$D_{\varphi} = d\varphi / d\lambda -$$

$$d\varphi$$

$d\lambda$.

D_{φ} , φ ,

ι_1 (. 2).

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ι_1

ι_4 .

,

,

φ

,

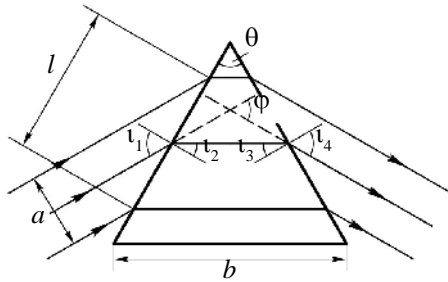
:

θ ,

n

,

$dn/d\lambda$.



. 2

$\iota_1, \iota_2, \iota_3, \iota_4$.

φ ,

,

$$\varphi = (\iota_1 - \iota_2) + (\iota_4 - \iota_3) .$$

$$\iota_2 + \iota_3 = \theta ,$$

$$\varphi = \iota_1 + \iota_4 - \theta .$$

$$\sin \iota_1 = n \sin \iota_2 , \quad \sin \iota_4 = n \sin \iota_3 ,$$

. 2

φ

ι_2 :

$$\varphi = \arcsin(n \sin \iota_2) + \arcsin[n \sin(\theta - \iota_2)] - \theta . \quad (1)$$

(1)

,

(

$$d\varphi/d\iota_2 = 0, \quad d^2\varphi/d^2\iota_2 > 0 .).$$

$$\iota_2 = \theta/2 ,$$

$$\iota_1 = \iota_4, \quad \iota_2 = \iota_3 ,$$

.

$$\varphi_{\min} = 2\iota_1 - \theta; \quad \iota_1 = (\theta + \varphi_{\min})/2 .$$

$$n = \frac{\sin \left[\left(\theta + \varphi_{\min} \right) / 2 \right]}{\sin \left(\theta / 2 \right)},$$

$$\varphi_{\min} = 2 \arcsin \left[n \sin \left(\theta / 2 \right) \right] - \theta. \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad & \lambda, \\ D_{\varphi} = \frac{d\varphi}{d\lambda} = \frac{d\varphi}{dn} \cdot \frac{dn}{d\lambda} = & \frac{2 \sin \left(\theta / 2 \right)}{\sqrt{1 - n^2 \sin^2 \left(\theta / 2 \right)}} \cdot \frac{dn}{d\lambda}. \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

$$D_l,$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{dl}{d\lambda} \cdot \lambda \\ \lambda + \Delta\lambda \quad & , \quad , \quad , \quad D_l \quad D_{\varphi} : \end{aligned}$$

$$D_l = \frac{dl}{d\lambda} f_2 = D_{\varphi} f_2 \tag{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \quad & \\ D_l = D_{\varphi} f_2 / \sin \varepsilon, \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

$$\varepsilon -$$

$$, \quad \frac{d\lambda}{dl},$$

$$\Delta l,$$

$$(\hspace{1.5cm})$$

$$(\hspace{1.5cm} \frac{a}{2}).$$

$$\delta\varphi$$

$$I(u)=\left(\frac{\sin u}{u}\right)^2,\; u=\left(\frac{\pi a}{\lambda}\right)\sin(\delta\varphi).$$

$$I(u),$$

$$\lambda_1-\lambda_2=\lambda_1+\Delta\lambda,$$

$$I(u_1)-I(u_2)=\lambda_1-\lambda_2$$

$$(\hspace{1.5cm} 3,\hspace{1.5cm}).$$

$$0,8$$

$$R,$$

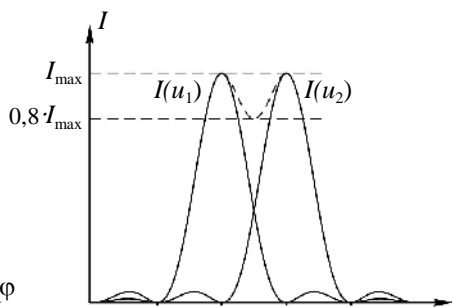
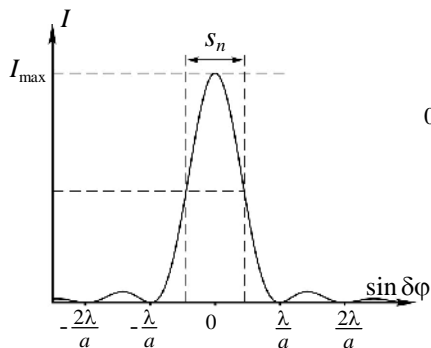
$$\lambda$$

$$\Delta\lambda,$$

$$R=\lambda/\Delta\lambda$$

$$10^2$$

$$10^5$$



)

. 3

)

$\Delta\varphi$

$I(u)$

a

$u = 0,$

$u = \pi,$

$a \sin \delta\varphi = \lambda$

$\Delta\varphi = \lambda/a.$

(3)

$$\Delta\varphi = \frac{d\varphi}{d\lambda} \Delta\lambda = \frac{2 \sin(\theta/2)}{\sqrt{1 - n^2 \sin^2(\theta/2)}} \cdot \frac{dn}{d\lambda} \Delta\lambda.$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{a} = \frac{2 \sin(\theta/2)}{\cos \iota_1} \cdot \frac{dn}{d\lambda} \Delta\lambda,$$

$$R = \frac{\lambda}{\Delta\lambda} = 2 \frac{a \sin(\theta/2)}{\cos \iota_1} \cdot \frac{dn}{d\lambda} = 2l \sin(\theta/2) \frac{dn}{d\lambda}.$$

(, , . 2).

$$R = b \frac{dn}{d\lambda}, \quad (6)$$

$b -$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{s_1}{f_1} \Delta\varphi = \frac{\lambda}{a} \cdot I(u), \quad s_1 \gg f_1 \frac{\lambda}{a} \quad (6)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 s_2 = s_1 \frac{f_2}{f_1} \quad (3), \quad s_2 = f_1 \frac{\lambda}{a} \quad (7)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 s_2 &= s_n \frac{f_2}{f_1 \sin \varepsilon} \quad (8) \\
 E' &= \Phi' / (h_2 s_2), \\
 \Phi' &= \Phi, \quad h_2, \quad \Phi'
 \end{aligned}$$

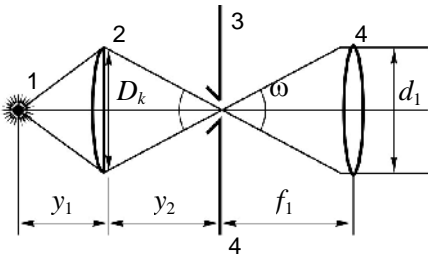
$$\Phi = Lh_2s_2\Omega = Lh_1s_1\sigma/f_1^2. \tag{9}$$

$$E' = \tau Ls_1h_1\sigma/(s_2h_2f_1^2).$$

$$\frac{h_1}{h_2} = \frac{f_1}{f_2}, \frac{s_1}{s_2} = \frac{f_1 \sin \varepsilon}{f_2}.$$

$$E' = \tau L\sigma \sin \varepsilon / f_2^2.$$

$$B = \tau \sigma \sin \varepsilon / f_2^2.$$



1 2 3.

4
:

$$\omega = \frac{D_k}{y_2} = \frac{d_1}{f_1}.$$

. 4 ,

$$\frac{D_k}{f_k} = \frac{d_1}{f_1} (1 + \beta_k) = \frac{d_1}{f_1} \left(1 - \frac{y_2}{y_1} \right). \quad (10)$$

-30,

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2.

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6.

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-30

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ε .

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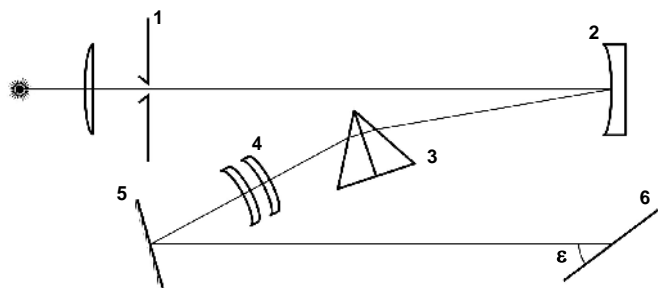
,

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,

,

.



. 5

	200 – 600
	220
-	- 703
	- 40
($\lambda = 257,3$)	- 830
	- 1:28
($\lambda = 257,3$)	- 60°
	- 42
	- 30
($\lambda = 257,3$)	1,2×
	$\varepsilon = 41^{\circ}40'$

$\lambda,$	D_l^{-1}, I
200	0,35
250	0,9
310	1,6
360	2,5
400	3,9
600	11,0

1. ,

(7)

$S_n \cdot$

2. (

$$).$$

3.

(10)

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

$$l = f(\lambda) \text{ .}$$

9.

$$l = f(\lambda)$$

$$(\quad, \quad).$$
 λ

$$D_l \quad (5).$$

10.

(6)

$$\Delta \lambda = \Delta l \cdot \frac{d\lambda}{dl} = \Delta l \cdot D_l^{-1} \cdot \frac{dn}{d\lambda}.$$

1.

2.

?

3. ?
4. "
5. ?
6. .

“ ” “ ” “ ”
 . – ., 1999. – 181 .

5

..... 3

6

..... 11

7

..... 20

8

..... 25